



Subject: History of English Literature-II

Course: BA ENGLISH

Full Marks: 70

Time: 3 Hours

Pass Marks: 28

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Question Paper is divided into **Three Parts –A, B & C**
- **Part-A** is compulsory.
- **Part- B** contains **SIX** questions out of which **FOUR** questions are to be answered.
- **Part- C** contains **SIX** questions out of which **THREE** questions are to be answered.

PART A

Q1.) All questions are compulsory:-

A) Multiple choice

(5x1=05)

- When was the Caroline period?
 - 1625-1649
 - 1656-1649
 - 1652-1694
 - 1626-1645
- The Augustan Age in history of literature is referred from
 - golden age
 - dark age
 - dull age
 - modern age
- It was the Age of Transition
 - 1706 and 1798
 - 1760 and 1798
 - 1706-1789
 - 1760-1788
- The Romantic Age was from
 - 1800 to 1850
 - 1801-1805
 - 1810-1850
 - 1800-1855
- The time period for Restoration period was
 - 1660 – 1688
 - 1066-1688
 - 1606-1608
 - 1600-1688

B) Fill in the Blanks

(5X1=05)

- _____ the founder of the Metaphysical School of Poetry. (John Dryden/ John Donne)

- b. Satire is when we joke or exaggerate in order to point up someone else's _____. (flaws/fault)
- c. A _____ (halfway/transitional) period is a period of great turbulence and turmoil, as a study of the history of Europe from the 17th to the 19th century, when Europe was passing through its own transition.
- d. Romanticism was an artistic, literary, musical and intellectual movement that originated in _____ (Britain/ Europe)
- e. English poets whose work was characterized by the inventive use of conceits and by a greater emphasis on the spoken rather than lyrical quality of their verse were _____ (romantic/metaphysical) poets. [

C] Short Answer Type

(5x2=10)

- a. Which age is called the age of transition?
- b. Who was the greatest poet of the Augustan age?
- c. Why is it called Romantic age?
- d. What happened in the restoration period?
- e. What is transition in English literature?

PART B

Q2.) Answer any four:

(4x5=20)

- a. "Caroline" is derived from "Carolus", the Latin version of "Charles". This age is also a part of the Puritan Age. Write a short note on the Puritan Age.
- b. What are the major themes of romanticism?
- c. What are the characteristics of restoration period?
- d. The age of transition brought a variety of literature, elaborate on the given statement
- e. What is the significance of studying the history of English literature?
- f. What does metaphysical poetry focus on?

PART C

Answer any three

(3x10=30)

Q3.) The Caroline age is the age of poetry because poets whole-heartedly devoted to writing poetry. Discuss the poets and the genre in which the writings came up.

Q4.) The term Restoration is used to describe both the actual event by which the monarchy was restored, and the period of several years afterwards in which a new political settlement was established. How has the English literature been influenced?

Q5.) The term "romantic" was used in England for the first time in the 16th century to indicate the unreal and fanciful elements. Elaborate on the literary output of this period.

Q6.) The 18th century is known as The Age of Enlightenment or The Age of reason, to stress the rational trend of the period and the attitude according to which reason and judgment should be the guiding principles for human activities. Discuss the Augustan Age.

Q7.) Discuss the Age of Transition as the Age of Sensibility in English Literature.

Q8.) How would you sum up the growth of English literature after learning about the history? Discuss the great writers and their famous works from the different ages in History of English literature -II



ARKA JAIN University, Jharkhand
1stSemester End Semester Examination – 2019-20

Subject: History of English Literature from beginning to Jackobean

Course: BAENG

Time : 3 Hours

Marks: 70

Pass Marks: 28

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Question Paper is divided into **Three Parts –A,B& C**
- **Part-A** is compulsory.
- **Part- B** contains **SIX** questions out of which **FOUR** questions are to be answered.
- **Part- C** contains **SIX** questions out of which **THREE** questions are to be answered.

PART A

Q.1) All questions are compulsory

(10x1=10)

A] Multiple Choice Questions:

- a) When was Geoffrey Chaucer born?
- 1300
 - 1343
 - 1340
 - 1322
- b) When did Anglo Saxons inhabit Great Britain?
- 3rd Century
 - 4th Century
 - 5th Century
 - 6th Century
- c) Who wrote THE FAIRIE QUEENE?
- Geoffrey Chaucer
 - Richard Crawshaw
 - Christopher Marlowe
 - Edmund Spenser
- d) The Norman Conquest happened in
- 1106
 - 1066
 - 1065
 - 1056
- e) Jacobean Age can relate to
- Henry I
 - James I
 - James II
 - None of the above
- f) Canterbury Tales was composed by
- William Shakespeare
 - Geoffrey Chaucer
 - Alexander Pope
 - Ben Johnson

- g. What does Renaissance mean?
- rebirth
 - recreation
 - repair
 - cultural introspection
- h. Michelangelo can be associated with
- Jacobean era
 - Romantic era
 - Renaissance
 - None of the above
- i. _____ was the king of Britons
- Rex Oedipus
 - Rex Britonier
 - Rex Britannorum
 - Rex Britannariam
- j. James I was coroneted in _____
- 1603
 - 1601
 - 1604
 - 1603-04

B] Very Short question

- Mention two features of Renaissance period.
- Mention two literary features of Jacobean era.
- Mention any two writers and their works of Elizabethan era.
- Mention any two features of Anglo Saxon poetry.
- Who brought Sonnet to England in the Elizabethan age?

(5x2=10)

PART B

Q2. Answer any four:

(4x5=20)

- Write a short note on Sonnet.
- Write a short note on any one Jacobean poet.
- Comment on the political scenario of Anglo Saxon era.
- What role did Bible play in the Anglo Saxon age?
- Write a short note on William Shakespeare.
- What do understand by *Lyric* and *Didactic* forms of poetry?

PART C

Answer any three:

(3x10=30)

- Q.3) Discuss the salient features of Renaissance poetry and drama.
- Q.4) Sketch out the importance of Elizabethan age.
- Q.5) Comment on the features of medieval age.
- Q.6) Write short notes on:
Ben Johnson
Geoffrey Chaucer
- Q.7) Comment on the literary features of Jacobean era.
- Q.8) Discuss Anglo Saxon age as the foundation age.



Subject: Introduction to Literature

Course: BA English

Time :3 Hours

Full Marks: 70

Pass Marks: 28

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Question Paper is divided into **Three Parts –A,B& C**
- **Part-A** is compulsory.
- **Part- B** contains **SIX** questions out of which **FOUR** questions are to be answered.
- **Part- C** contains **SIX** questions out of which **THREE** questions are to be answered.

PART A

Q.1) All questions are compulsory

A) Multiple Choice Questions :

(10x1=10)

- 1) What are the first eight lines of a sonnet called?
 - i. Octave
 - ii. Octopus
 - iii. Octet
 - iv. Octane
- 2) Which represents an example of alliteration?
 - i) Language Arts
 - ii) Peter Piper Picked Peppers
 - iii) I like music
 - iv) A beautiful scenery with music
- 3) Which is not a poetry form?
 - i) epic
 - ii) tale
 - iii) ballad
 - iv) sonnet
- 4) d) Who was often called as the Romantic Poet as most of his poems revolved around nature?
 - i) William Blake
 - ii) William Shakespeare
 - iii) William Morris
 - iv) William Wordsworth
- 5) What is an act?
 - i) One of the main divisions of a play
 - ii) any form of theatrical entertainment
 - iii) a division in a play, during which there is no change of scene or break in time
 - iv) one of several broad types of performances, e.g. singing group, magic act, etc.
- 6) What is dialogue?
 - i) the internal thoughts of one or more actors
 - ii) conversation between two or more people
 - iii) one or more characters are killed on stage
 - iv) short dramatic work performed by one actor

- 7) What is a prop?
 i) respect given to the actors in a drama ii) a fan-like device that helps an aircraft fly
 ii) another name for the narrator in a drama iv) an object used in a drama to enhance the setting
- 8) Writing that comes from a writer's imagination. It can be inspired by true events.
 i) Non – Fiction
 ii) Fiction
 iii) Biography
 iv) Autobiography
- 9) Story of a person's life as told by that person is called an.....
 i) Non – Fiction
 ii) Fiction
 iii) Biography
 iv) Autobiography
- 10) Nonfiction means _____
 i) True
 ii) False
 iii) Fake
 iv) Humorous

B] Very Short question

(5x2=10)

- a) What are the two most important types of drama? Explain.
 b) Classical Age is also known by other names. What are they?
 c) Who coined the term “Georgian”?
 d) Define Poetry of 1st World War.
 e) What are the primary differences between prose and poem?

PART B

Q2. Answer any four:

(4x5=20)

- a) Name and Define any five type of poems
 b) Explain with example the devices used in a drama.
 c) Write a short note on the “Origin of The English Drama”
 d) What do you know about “The Georgian Poets”
 e) What is a Fiction? Name and explain the different types.
 f) What were the major differences between “The New Creed” and “The Old”

PART C

Q3) answer any three:

(3x10=30)

- a) Describe the different forms of stanzas used in writing poems.
 b) Who were the Metaphysical poets? What were the special features of this School?
 c) When and why did Classical Movement gain importance?
 d) Who are the Pre-Raphaelites? What are the characteristics of the School?
 e) What is a Non-Fiction? Name and explain the different types.
 f) One of the major phases of literary development is Modernism. What is your concept about Modernism? Explain with its characteristic features.



ARKA JAIN University, Jharkhand

1ST Semester End Semester Examination – 2019-2020

Subject : Business Organization

Time : 3 Hours

Course: B.A all ENG
Full Marks : 70
Pass Marks: 28

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Question Paper is divided into **Three Parts –A, B & C**
- **Part-A** is compulsory.
- **Part- B** contains **SIX** questions out of which **FOUR** questions are to be answered.
- **Part- C** contains **SIX** questions out of which **THREE** questions are to be answered.

PART A

Q.1) All questions are compulsory

A] Multiple Choice Questions :

(10x1=10)

- a) To protect the interests of creditors, employees, is.....objectives of Business.
- Human
 - Social
 - Economic
 - Legal
- b)trade involves buying and selling of goods in small quantities.....
- Retail
 - Wholesale
 - Entrepot
 - Import trade
- c) Remuneration is the reward of
- Business
 - Profession
 - Employment
 - None of these
- d) Partner who conducts himself in such a manner which leads third parties to believe that he is a Partner of the firm is known as.....
- Partner by Estoppels'
 - Nominal Partners
 - Partner by Holding out
 - Active Partner
- e) Liability of Sole-Proprietorship form of Business is.....
- Limited to the value of shares
 - Limited to extent of capital
 - Unlimited
 - None of these
- f) The ownership and control of Joint Hindu Family Business is managed and controlled by.....
- Karta
 - Co-Parceners
 - Registrar
 - None of these
- g) Maximum number of members in Private company is.....
- 50
 - 60
 - 70
 - Unlimited

- h) Government Company is one in which at least.....%of paid-up share capital is held by Government.
- 41
 - 61
 - 95
 - 51
- i)is a voluntary association of persons who join together to safeguard their own interests.
- Sole- Proprietorship
 - Partnership
 - Co-operative societies
 - none of these
- j)Industry is engaged in conversion of raw materials into finished goods.
- Genetic
 - Extractive
 - Manufacturing
 - Construction

B] Very Short question

(5x2=10)

- What do you mean by Business?
- What is a Manufacturing Industry?
- Define Joint Hindu Family Business.
- Define RTGS.(Real Time Gross Settlement)
- What do you understand by Government Company?

PART B

Q2. Answer any four:

(4x5=20)

- State the difference between Business, Profession and Employment.
- What do you mean by Business .Discuss the objectives of Business?
- Define Industry and its Types.
- What do you mean by Departmental Undertaking? State its merits and limitations.
- Define Insurance .What are the fundamental Principles of Insurance
- List the meaning and utility of ATM'S &Smart Cards.

PART C

Answer any three:

(3x10=30)

Q.3) What do you mean by A ids to Trade? Explain each one of them in brief.

Q.4) Define Banking. What are the various types of Bank account .Explain?

Q.5) Explain different forms of Postal & Telecom Services.

Q.6) Define Insurance. What are the Fundamental Principles of Insurance?

Q.7) Define Partnership .List down merits and demerits of such form of Business.

Q.8) Sate the difference between Business, Profession and Employment.



ARKA JAIN University, Jharkhand

1st Semester Final Examination – 2019-20

Subject: Environmental Studies

Course: B.AFD/JMC/ECO/ENG

Time: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 35

Pass Marks: 14

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Question Paper is divided into **Three Parts –A,B& C**
- **Part-A** is compulsory.
- **Part- B** contains **four** questions out of which **Two** questions are to be answered.
- **Part- C** contains **Three** questions out of which **One** questions are to be answered.

PART A

Q.1) All questions are compulsory

A] Multiple Choice Questions:

(1x5=5)

- a) Fossile fuels are–
- renewable
 - non-renewable
 - exhaustible
 - None of above
- b) SalimAli's name is synonymous with?
- Ornithology in India
 - Limnology in India
 - Entomology in India
 - None of the above
- c) Any Energy flow in an ecosystem is
- Unidirectional
 - Bidirectional
 - Multidirectional
 - None of the above
- d) Zoological Survey of India is at
- New Delhi
 - Kolkata
 - Mumbai
 - Chennai
- e) World Forest day is celebrated on
- 21st March
 - 5th June
 - 1st Dec
 - 7th June

B] Very Short question

(5x2=10)

- a) Ecological pyramid
- b) Sundarlal Bahuguna
- c) Food chain
- d) Renewable resources
- e) National parks

PART B

Q2. Answer any Two:

(2x5=10)

- i) What is sustainable development? Write the goals of Sustainable Development.
- ii) Explain with neat sketch of energy flow in ecosystem.
- iii) What is energy? Write the pros and cons of solar energy.
- iv) Explain the followings.
 - a) Family welfare program.
 - b) Poverty and Environment.

PART C

Answer any One:

(1x10=10)

Q.3) What is an Ecosystem? Describe aquatic ecosystem in detail.

Q.4) What do you understand by population growth? Write the environmental problem related to population growth.

Q.5) What is a natural resource? Describe the major types of natural resource and their associated problems.



ARKA JAIN University, Jharkhand

1st Semester End Semester Examination – 2018-19

Subject: Hindi

Time: 2 Hours

Course: B.Com/BCA/BA ENG

Full Marks: 35

Pass Marks: 14

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Question Paper is divided into **Three Parts –A, B & C**
- **Part-A** is compulsory.
- **Part- B** contains **FOUR** questions out of which **THREE** questions are to be answered.
- **Part- C** contains **THREE** questions out of which **TWO** questions are to be answered.

PART A

Q.1) All questions are compulsory

A] Multiple Choice Questions :

(4x1=4)

- (i) प्रेमचंद किस राज्य के थे ?
- क बिहार ख झारखंड
- ग उत्तरप्रदेश घ बंगाल
- (ii) असदखाँ और तूरया के बीच क्या संबंध है ?
- क बाप-बेटी ख मामा -मामी
- ग बुआ -चाचा घ भाई -बहन
- (iii) सरदार हिमत सिंह किस कहानी का पात्र हैं ?
- क मंत्र ख फातिहा
- ग कफ्तान साहब घ जिहाद
- (iv) फातिहा साहित्य की कौन विधा है ?
- क कहानी ख कविता
- ग नाटक घ इनमे से कोई नहीं

Q1 (B) . Very Short question

(2x2=4)

- (i) अर्थ स्पष्ट करे :निंदक नियेरे राखिये, आँगन कुटी छावायें ।
बिन पानी साबुन बिना, निर्मल करे सुहाए ॥
- (ii) निम्नलिखित शब्दो के दो दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखे

क अहंकार

ख इच्छा

PART B

Q2. Answer any three

(3*5= 15)

- (i) अर्थ स्पष्ट करे:-

- 1) कानपुर के नाना की मुह बोली बहन छबिली थी, लक्ष्मीबाई नाम, पिता की वो संतान अकेली थी, नाना के सँग पढ़ती थी वो नाना के सँग खेती थी बरछी, ढाल, कृपाण, कटारी, उसकी यही सहेली थी। वीर शिवाजी की गाथाएँ उसकी याद जबानी थी, बुंदेले हरबोलों के मुँह हमने सुनी कहानी थी, खूब लड़ी मर्दानी वो तो झाँसी वाली रानी थी।
- 2) समास की परिभाषा लिखे। उनके भेदों को उदाहरण सहित लिखे ?
- 3) विपरीत शब्द लिखे :-

क अपमान ख अनाथ ग इष्ट घ आसमान इ आधुनिक

- (iv) शिक्षण शुल्कमाफ कराने हेतु प्रधानाचार्य के पास आवेदन पत्र लिखिए

PART C

Answer any two:

निबंध लिखे

(6*2= 12)

3. वस्तु एवं सेवा कर अथवा बिज्ञान वरदानया अभिशाप
 4. निम्नलिखित शब्दावली का हिन्दी में अनुवाद करे
- (i) Head Clerk
(ii) Controller
(iii) Recourses
(iv) Loss
(v) Policy Holder
(vi) Rate

5. मंत्र कहानी का सारांश लिखे.