

- IV. Principle of nursing are all EXCEPT
- Therapeutic effectiveness
 - To provide comfort
 - Make personal relationship with patient
 - d. During procedure focus on individuality
- V. Full form of LAMA
- Live Against Medical Advices
 - Leave Against Medical Advices
 - Life against Medical Advices
 - None of the above
- VI. The patient is ready to go home from the hospital. Prior to leaving, the nurse provides the patient and family with:
- Patient care summary
 - Standardized care plan
 - Flow sheet
 - Discharge summary
- VII. Total cessation of breathing is known as
- Apnea
 - Dyspnea
 - Orthopnea
 - Anorexia
- VIII. Normal respiration is known as
- Apnea
 - Dyspnea
 - Eupnoea
 - Orthopnea
- IX. Which are the sites for checking pulse
- Radial
 - Brachial
 - Lumbar
 - Dorsal
- Pedis
- 1, 2, 3
 - 2, 3, 4
 - 1, 2, 4
 - 1, 3, 4
- X. Blueness or discoloration of the skin & mucus membrane caused by lack of oxygen in the tissue is
- Hypoxia
 - Cyanosis
 - Dyspnea
 - Jaundice

PART -B

2. VERY SHORT NOTES (ANSWER ALL) (2X5= 10)

- What are the Maslow's hierarchy of needs?
- List down the health care team members in hospital.
- List down the functions of Nurse.
- What are the elements of Communication?
- What are the stages of sleep

PART -C

3. SHORT NOTES ON THE FOLLOWING (ANY 4) (5X4= 20)

- Explain the types and functions of Hospital.
- Define nursing? Describe the roles and responsibilities of a nurse.
- Define Communication? Explain the phases of Nurse- patient relationship.
- What are the Levels of care?
- What are the qualities of nursing?

PART-D

4. LONG EASSY TYPE QUESTIONS: (2+3+5= 10)

- Define Health.
- Explain the dimensions of health.
- Enlist the factors influencing health.

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